

Utilizing Piezoelectric Bumps to Enhance Urban Intersections

Ahmad Hamze (CVE)

Rasha Al-Taher (CVE)

Mu'taz Moseli (MCE)

Eyad Mannaa (ELE)

Situation

The UAE population has undergone a rapid increase, from 2.46 million to 9.27 million, since 1996 [1]. This led to an increase in the number of vehicles, especially in Dubai, which ultimately decreased the transportation system's efficiency. Furthermore, congested traffic caused an economic setback of AED 2.9 billion in 2013 in Dubai, due to the loss of working hours and excess fuel consumption [2]. Speeding at intersections is another source of concern that limits the full efficiency and safety of Dubai's transportation systems.

Problem

Problem 1: Congestion of Intersections in the UAE

- The efficiency of intersections is deteriorating from high congestion due to the growing number of vehicles
- Regular solutions to reduce congestion are not applicable
- Governments and municipalities are not taking enough action to resolve the issue

Problem 2: Speeding at Intersections

- Drivers speed up to in order to cross the intersection in time
- Speeding while turning at an intersection is considered hazardous to the driver's safety

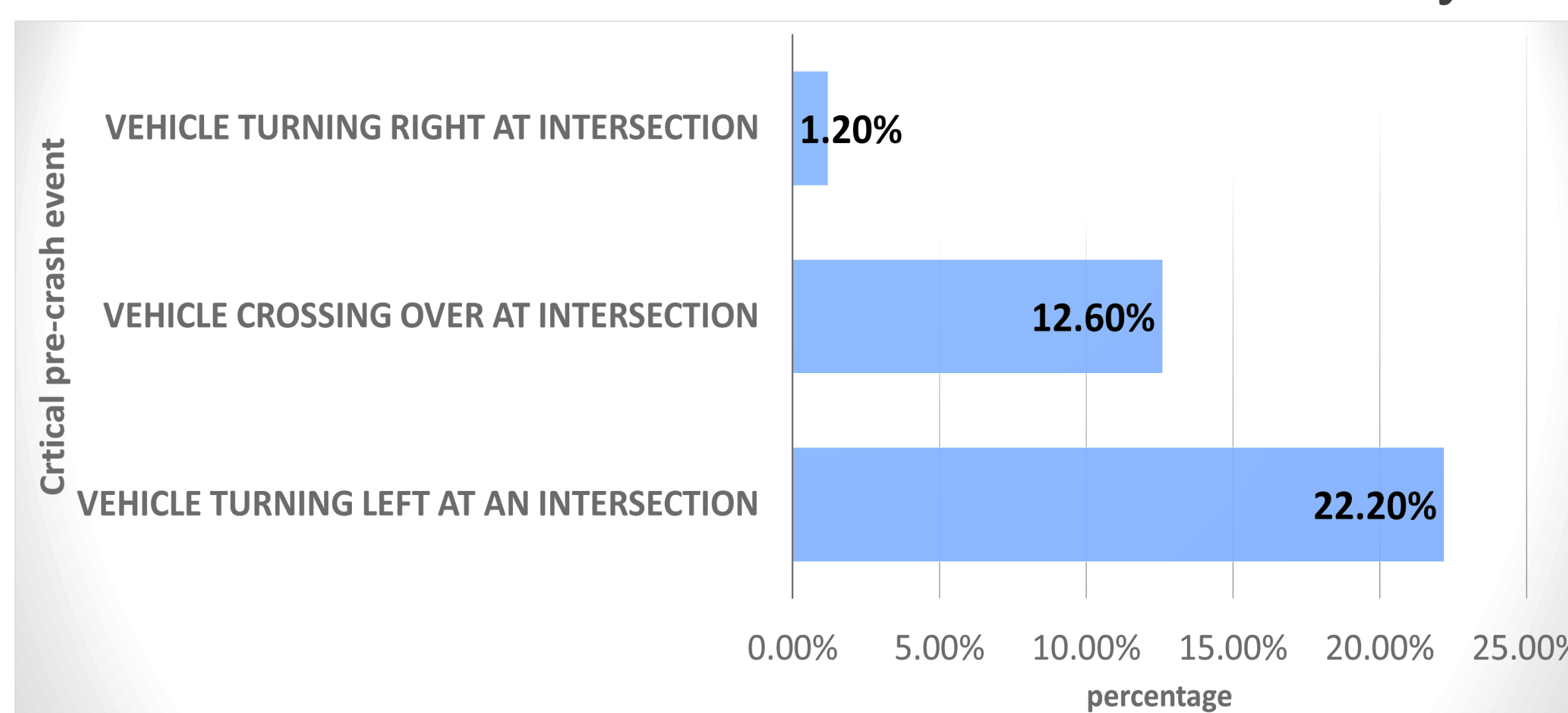


Figure 1. Critical pre-crash event [3]

Solution

Utilizing Piezoelectric Bumps

- Utilizing composite material that consist of Piezoelectric quartz elements
- The process is described in Figure 2

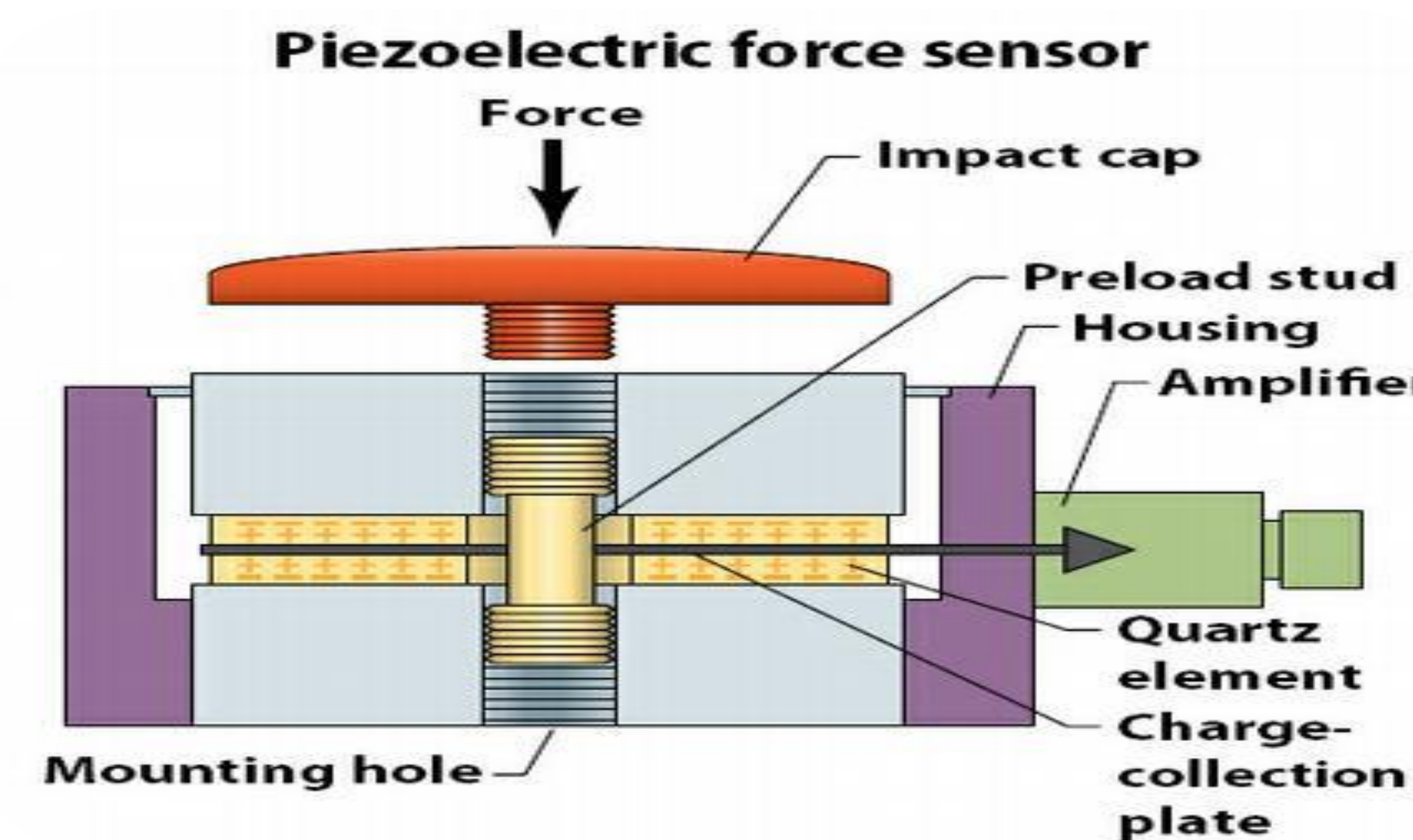
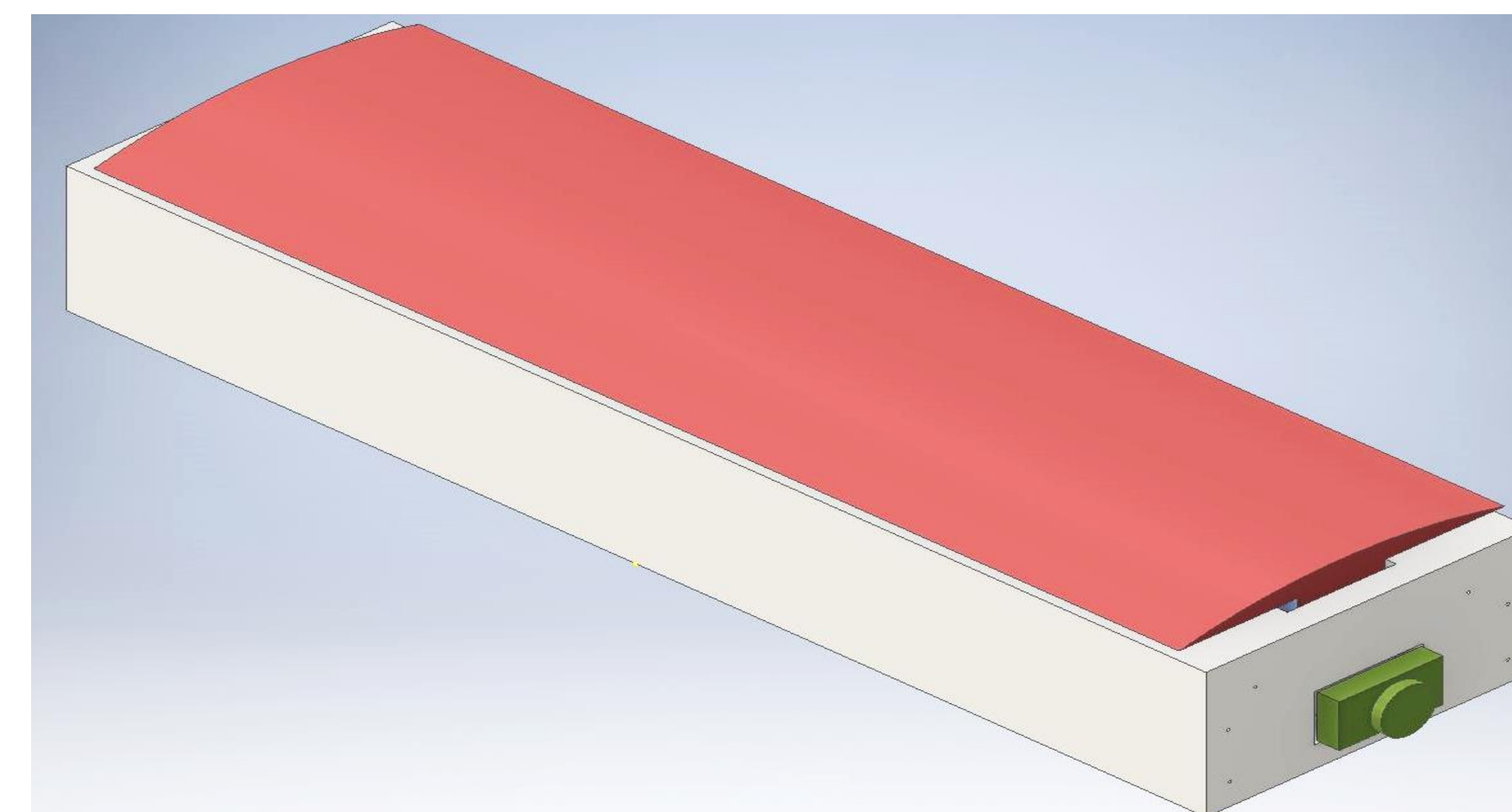


Figure 2. The tracking process[4]

- Control the speed limit by altering the size of the bump
- Power the signals at the intersection

Reducing Traffic

- The reduction of traffic is achieved by optimizing the green signal timing
- The sensors on the bump will detect the pressure from the cars
- The sensors will transfer the data to the traffic signal in order to extend the green timing in the next cycle

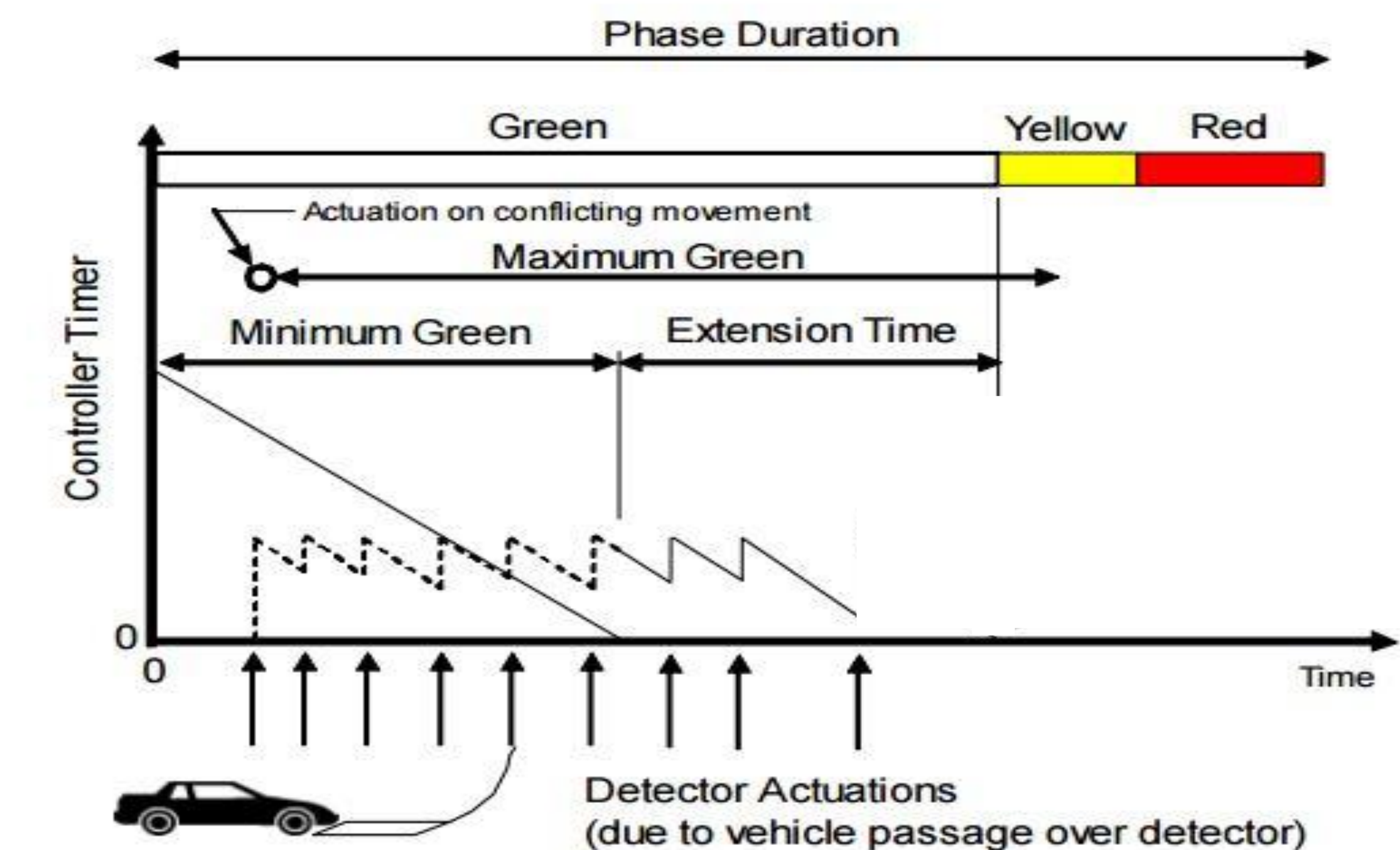


Figure 3. Optimizing signal timing [5]

Evaluation

Utilizing Piezoelectric bumps will accomplish the following:

- A reduction in traffic congestion at intersections
- An increase in roads and transportation safety
- A construction of a self-sustaining system
- A cutback in the economic consequence of heavy traffic [2]
- Cost effective on the long run despite the high start up cost [6]

References

- [1] "The 2015 Revision of the UN's World Population" Population and Development Review, vol. 41, pp. 557-561, 2015. [Accessed 6 November 2016].
- [2] S. Shah, "Traffic congestion costs more than Dh700,000 per kilometer in Dubai," in Gulf News, ed, 2015. [Accessed 3 November 2016]
- [3] Eun-Ha Choi, "Crash Factors in Intersection-Related Crashes: An On-Scene Perspective," NHTSA, New Jersey, WA, Rep. DOT HS 811 366, 2010.
- [4] R. Repas, "Sensor Sense: Piezoelectric Force Sensors" 2008. [Accessed 6 November 2016].
- [5] *Traffic Signal Operations Handbook*, Texas Transportation Institute, TX, 2009, pp.21.
- [6] M. Lallart and D. Inman, "Low-Cost Integrable Tuning-Free Converter for Piezoelectric Energy Harvesting Optimization", *IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics*, vol. 25, no. 7, pp. 1811-1819, 2010.